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OWNER-OCCUPIED HOME REHABILITATION POLICY	Effective Date: 6/04/12
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CHICO RANCHERIA HOUSING CORPORATION Owner-occupied Home Rehabilitation Policy

I. PURPOSE

The primary purpose of this policy is to establish the guidelines for administering the housing rehabilitation grant program for owner occupied properties funded through the Native American Housing Assistance and Self Determination Act (NAHASDA), Indian Community Development Block Grant (ICDBG), and various other resources as they become available.

The purpose of the rehabilitation grant program is to encourage and enable Indian homeowners to: (a) maintain and rehabilitate their property to preserve the useful life of the housing stock; (b) provide for safe and healthy living environments; and (c) promote self-sufficiency.

In order to meet these objectives, the following sections outline policy to govern administration of rehabilitation grants.

II. POLICY

A. General Policy

1. Use of Grant Funds

The Chico Rancheria Housing Corporation (CRHC) shall seek to make the best possible use of all grant funds available by:

- a. Giving first priority to low income Indian homeowners of the Mechoopda Indian Tribe of Chico Rancheria, CA requiring the most essential and urgent repairs.
- b. Considering such factors as age, income level, potential income, and rehabilitation goals in the providing of grant assistance.
- c. Providing grants to meet individual applicant needs.
- d. Conserving available grant funds wherever possible by making maximum use of rehabilitation funds through utilization of public agencies and non-profit groups or through combined funding in order to reserve funds for the most critical rehabilitation needs and the lowest income applicants wherever possible.
- e. Maintaining rehabilitation grant agreements and procedures that discourage and prevent speculation in housing.

B. Qualifications for Assistance

1. General Eligibility

For the purpose of this policy, the terms "applicant" and "owner" shall stand for all persons listed as owner on the title to the property. For this purpose, *Owner* means applicant(s) having fee simple title, trust title, 99-year fee-simple leasehold interest, or 25-year automatic renewal leasehold interest for trust land.

General eligibility requirements are as follows:

- At least one applicant on the title to the property must be member of a federally-recognized Indian Tribe. The term 'federally recognized Indian tribe' means any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community of Indians, including any Alaska Native village or regional or village corporation as defined in or established pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act, that is recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians pursuant to the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act of 1975. Members of a state-recognized tribe may meet this requirement if the tribe meets the criteria for a 'state recognized tribe' in Section 4 (12) (C) of NAHASDA.
- CRHC's Indian Service Area is the jurisdiction authorized by the b. Mechoopda Indian Tribe for CRHC to operate affordable housing programs. Each program may have a different Indian Service Area as defined in the annual Indian Housing Plan. The service area for the Owner-Occupied Home Rehabilitation Program is defined as all counties north, east and west of Sacramento.
- Applicants must occupy the home as their sole residence. c.
- d. Projects funded with NAHASDA funds are subject to income limits as follows: The annual income of the applicant's household must not exceed 80 percent of the median income. Median income is here defined as the greater of: (1) The median income for the counties, previous counties, or their equivalent in which the Indian area is located; or (2) The median income for the United States. Annual household income which falls within 80% to 100% of median may receive a level of assistance under this program on the following conditions (24 CFR § 1000.110): (i) CRHC must determine and document that there is a need for housing assistance for each Indian family which cannot reasonably be met without such assistance: (ii) CRHC may use no more than 10 percent of its annual Indian Housing Block Grant amount for families whose income falls within 80 to 100 percent of the median income without HUD approval. (iii) Finally, non low-income Indian families cannot receive the same benefits provided to low-income Indian families. The amount of assistance non low-income Indian families may receive will be determined as follows and cannot exceed: (Income of family at 80 percent of median income/Income of nonlow-income family) x (Present value of the assistance provided to family at 80 percent of median income). CRHC does not assist families over 100 percent of the median income. Projects funded with other federal sources, including ICDBG funds are subject to income limits as follows: The annual income of the applicant's household must not exceed 80 percent of the area median income.
- Applicants must have adequate homeowners insurance to e. indemnify against loss from fire, weather, and liability claims. This requirement is in addition to applicable flood insurance requirements reference in Section II. Paragraph E of this policy. Homeowner insurance claims must be filed for rehab requests that

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1 include damages. A denial letter from the Insurance Company 2 must be provided prior to CRHC providing assistance to repair such damages. 4 5 f. Applications for rehabilitation grants will be accepted year-round until the goals of the program have been met and/or all available 7 funds have been obligated. Generally, applications will be 8 processed on first-come, first-serve basis; however, CRHC may 9 elect to publicize open application periods with a specific filing 10 date as a method for identifying and serving the most urgent 11 rehabilitation needs of the Tribe. 12 13 Lease to Own Program homes are owned by the Mechoopda Indian g. 14 Tribe and administered by CRHC. According to the terms of the 15 program, Lessees are responsible for the maintenance and repair 16 of the homes. Therefore, Lessees of the Lease to Own Program are 17 not eligible for rehabilitation assistance under this policy with the 18 exception specified in paragraph i. below. 19 20 h. Low Income Rental Program homes are owned by the Mechoopda 21 Indian Tribe and administered by CRHC. Tenants within the Low 22 Income Rental Program are not eligible for rehabilitation 23 assistance under this policy with the exception specified in 24 paragraph i. below. 25 26 i. Elders with special needs, such as disabled access needs, living in 27 the Lease to Own Program homes or Low Income Rental Program 28 homes may be eligible for assistance under this policy limited to 29 those special needs. Prior to assisting Elders in the Low Income 30 Rental Program, other alternatives may be practiced, such as 31 transferring the Elder to an open unit that is already equipped as 32 an accessible unit. Relocation assistance may be provided under 33 these circumstances in accordance with the CRHC Tenant 34 Assistance, Relocation, and Real Property Acquisition Policy. 35 Elders applying for the Rehabilitation Program or the Relocation 36 Program must meet all eligibility requirements for the specific 37 program, including income eligibility. 38 39 CRHC, at its discretion, may also utilize rehabilitation funds j. 40 allocated for this program for multiunit projects within Tribally 41 Owned housing. Such projects may include, but are not limited to, 42 re-roofing neighborhoods, painting the exterior of several homes 43 at once, or fencing projects within a neighborhood. 44 Eligible and Priority Rehabilitation Improvements 2. 45 46 Eligible activities include moderate or substantial rehabilitation of a. 47 affordable housing or reconstruction of affordable housing 48 including but not limited to: Lead-based paint hazards elimination 49 or reduction, improvements to provide physical accessibility for 50 disabled persons, energy-related improvements, removal of code 51 deficiencies, and removal of incipient code deficiencies. 52 improvements to extend the useful life of the house, demolition 53 costs when part of a rehabilitation, site improvements or utility 54

connections, and depending on funding availability, assistance

may also be used to improve function and modernization of affordable housing of moderate design (e.g. remodeled bathrooms and kitchens, including permanently installed appliances, i.e. built in range and/or oven, range hood, microwave, dishwasher). When basic improvements are involved, the following costs can be included: new free standing range, refrigerator, washer and dryer, trash compactor and other accessories. Please see the Waiting List below for preference ranking and selection criteria.

- b. Eligible soft costs are reasonable and necessary costs (paid to a third party), including but not limited to:
 - (1) Finance Related Costs- Origination fees, credit reports, title reports and updates, recordation fees, preparation and filing of legal documents, appraisal, attorney's fees, loan-processing fees, and other customary fees.
 - (2) Construction Related Costs- Architectural fees, engineering fees, inspections, preparation of work write-ups and cost estimates, and site surveys.
- c. Eligible rehabilitation projects will be addressed giving preference to Mechoopda Tribal Members and Elders according to the following targeted priorities:
 - (1) Mechoopda Tribal Preference Those members of the Mechoopda Indian Tribe shall receive preference in priority when selecting applicants for the rehabilitation assistance program.
 - (2) Elder Preference Those whom are 62 years an older with rehabilitation needs shall receive preference and priority over the general population.
 - (3) Emergency Health & Safety Repairs Rehabilitation need must demonstrate family's safety and/or the integrity of the home or property would be jeopardized if not addressed. Examples include but are not limited to: fire destruction which displaces the family or creates an unhealthy living environment; flood damage which displaces the family or creates an unhealthy living environment; sole source heating repairs occurring in the winter; mold; major plumbing, sewer, electrical, structural, mechanical and roof deficiencies which if not repaired in a timely manner will further deteriorate the integrity of the property, especially if the condition creates an unhealthy or unsanitary living condition.
 - (4) Disabled Access Providing access to the home and its amenities for those disabled persons who reside within the home, such ramps, handrails, bathroom safety grab bars, and special permanent fixtures.
 - (5) Code violations & Incipient code violations -- Code violations are considered to be any structural

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deficiencies that fail to meet the Uniform Housing Code pursuant to the area in which the house is located. Incipient code violations are structural components that appear to be near failure or might soon become a code violation.

- (6) Energy Conservation Repairs Repairs not covered under code or incipient code violations that would improve the energy efficiency of the home, and lower its costs of operation.
- (7) Overcrowded Conditions -- Room addition rehabilitation projects to alleviate an overcrowded condition as defined by the household exceeding two persons per bedroom.
- (8) Extension of useful life Repairs not covered under code or incipient code violations. Examples include repairing siding and sheetrock, interior and exterior painting, replacement of worn flooring, cabinets, interior doors, gutters, foundation upgrades, retaining walls, and other repairs that can extend the useful life of the property.
- (9) Improved function/modernization Example is a remodeled bathroom or kitchen of moderate design.
- (10) Applicants shall be ranked and selected for such priorities identified above according to the following waiting list and points criteria:

Priority / Preference	Example	Points
Mechoopda Preference	Non-Mechoopda vs.	100
	Mechoopda	
Elder Preference	Over 62	25
Emergency Health & Safety Need	Water Supply	25
Disabled Access	Bathroom Accessibility	20
Code Violations / Incipient	Excessive dry rot of	10
Code Violations	structure	
Energy Conservation	Dual pane windows	10
Overcrowded Conditions	6 people living in a	10
	2 bedroom house	
Extension of Useful Life	Replacement of	5
	worn flooring	
Improved Function /	Remodeling Kitchen	5
Modernization		

d. Luxury items and improvements that do not become a permanent part of the real property are not eligible as a cost of rehabilitation. These items (not limited to this list) are not eligible under this policy, including the repair of any of the following: barbeque pit; bathhouse; dumbwaiter; hot tub; sauna, spa, and whirlpool bath; outdoor fireplace or hearth; photo mural; installation of swimming pool; gazebo; television antenna; security

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- systems; satellite dish; tennis court; Additions or alterations to provide for commercial use are not eligible under this program.
- e. The maximum cost of rehabilitation expended on a housing unit during its useful life, cannot exceed the cost of replacement of a similar type of dwelling of moderate design. For these purposes, moderate design is defined as housing that is of a size and with amenities consistent with unassisted housing offered for sale in the Indian tribe's general geographic area to buyers who are at or below the area median income. CRHC shall comply with the Total Development Cost (TDC) limits, published periodically by HUD, to establish the maximum amount of funds (from all sources) that may be used to rehabilitate affordable housing.
- f. The maximum cost in the aggregate of all construction contracts per housing unit for each rehabilitation project is not to exceed \$45,000, subject to paragraph h.
- g. Homeowners can apply for an additional project ten (10) years after completion of the first project with the exception stipulated in paragraph h. Approval of one grant does not necessarily constitute approval of a new grant. The application process must be completed in its entirety for each request. The new grant application will not take priority over other homeowners who have not accessed the program.
- h. Homeowners assisted with Rehabilitation Assistance in the previous ten (10) years prior to the 2011 amendment are eligible to apply for additional assistance two (2) years after completion of the previous project. However, the maximum construction cost for such applicants shall be reduced by the amount in the aggregate of assistance provided within the previous ten (10) years from the date of the application acceptance. In example, a previous recipient that has received an accumulation of assistance in the amount of \$24,000 in construction contracts is now eligible for maximum construction contract(s) cost of \$21,000 in assistance (\$45,000 \$24,000 = \$21,000).
- i. Homeowners assisted with Down-payment Assistance through CRHC's Homebuyer Assistance program may apply for Rehabilitation Assistance ten (10) years after such assistance was provided. Homeowners assisted with Refinancing Assistance may apply for Rehabilitation Assistance two (2) years, three (3) months after receiving such assistance.
- j. A Land Restriction Agreement shall be recorded on the property after project completion. The purpose of this Agreement is to insure the federal funds expended on the project are used in accordance with their purpose during an established period of time according to the corresponding regulations of the federal funding source. Therefore, each Recipient shall be required to execute a Land Restriction Agreement that shall be recorded at the applicable county recorder office at the earliest convenience upon project completion. The Agreement shall stipulate that the property shall be used only for residential purposes and that

residential occupancy shall only be by individuals or families who are either (i) members of, or are headed by a member of, a federally recognized tribe or an eligible State recognized tribe who are low income at the time assistance was received, or (ii) a surviving non-tribal domestic partner(s) or child(ren) of such a person who shared in the occupancy of that property at the time of the death of such a person. The Agreement shall be binding and enforceable for current buyer/owners as well as any subsequent buyer/owners. The term of the Agreement shall be 10 years. The Agreement shall stipulate that the Recipient shall carry active homeowners insurance on the property during the term of the Agreement. The Agreement shall stipulate that CRHC shall be entitled to recover amounts for any violation of the Agreement during the term of the Agreement in accordance with the schedule below. Projects funded with ICDBG funds in excess of \$25,000 shall have specified within the Agreement the right for CRHC to recover the entire amount of assistance provided within 5 years after the date of the grant closure.

Land Restriction Agreement Recovery Schedule

Months During	Percentage of	
the Agreement	Recovery	
Term	Amount	
0 -72	100%	
73 - 84	80%	
85 - 96	60%	
97 - 108	40%	
109 - 120	20%	

C. Construction Management Methods and Contracting Requirements

CRHC shall assume all construction management responsibility for completion of eligible rehabilitation projects.

1. Construction Management Procedure

- a. In consultation with the home owner, a Scope of Work shall be developed by CRHC that will address the highest priority needs of the home that can be met with available funding.
- b. Environmental review shall be conducted in accordance with Section D of this policy by CRHC or its agent. Under normal circumstances, this can be initiated during the time as in the development of the Scope of Work.
- c. Once an approved Scope of Work and the necessary funding is allocated for the project, CRHC will solicit for construction labor services or a general contractor to supply labor and materials.
- d. CRHC will be responsible for evaluating multiple written quotes and will award and enter into contracts with the responsible bidder according to CRHC's Procurement Policy, which is applicable to federal procurement and contracting requirements. However, the environmental review shall be completed prior to the initiation of any construction.

e. Any unforeseen damages during construction that effect the performance of the contract or the contractor's ability to complete the project within the timeframe as specified in the construction contract/s shall be dealt with on a case-by-case basis. CRHC shall strive to repair any incurred unforeseen damages under the construction contract, which may require an amendment to modify the original Scope of Work. However, if such damages cannot be repaired under the construction contract/s or the costs of such repairs exceed that allowable amount specified in Section 2.f. of this policy for the entire project, CRHC shall select the best method to rehab the home with the available resources. In any case where the allowable amount is met, all additional repairs shall be at the owner's expense. CRHC shall closely consult with the owner and the contractor to insure all required unforeseen damage repairs are conducted in a timely manner in order for the contractor to complete the project, and that in the event the owner opts to make additional repairs at the owner's expense, such repairs will not interfere with the performance of CRHC's construction contract or timeframe.

D. <u>Environmental Review</u>

The environmental effects of each activity carried out with assistance under this part must be evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) (42 U.S.C. 4321) and the related authorities listed in HUD's implementing regulations at 24 CFR 1000.18 and 24 CFR parts 50 and 58. No funds may be committed to a grant activity or project before the completion of the environmental review and approval of the request for release of funds and related certification required by sections 105(b) and 105(c) of NAHASDA, except as authorized by 24 CFR part 58 such as for the costs of environmental reviews and other planning and administrative expenses.

E. Flood Insurance

Under the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, as amended (42 U.S.C. 4001-4128), a recipient may not permit the use of Federal financial assistance for acquisition and construction purposes (including rehabilitation) in an area identified by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) as having special flood hazards, unless the following conditions are met: (a) The community in which the area is situated is participating in the National Flood Insurance Program in accord with section 202(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection of 1973 (42 U.S.C. 4106(a)), or less than a year has Act passed since FEMA notification regarding such flood hazards. For this purpose, the "community" is the governmental entity, such as an Indian tribe or authorized tribal organization, an Alaska Native village, or authorized Native organization, or a municipality or county, that has authority to adopt and enforce flood plain management regulations for the area; and (b) Where the community is participating in the National Flood Insurance Program, flood insurance on the building is obtained in compliance with section 102(a) of the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (42 U.S.C. 4012(a)); provided, that if the financial assistance is in the form of a loan or an insurance or guaranty of a loan, the amount of flood insurance required

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need not exceed the outstanding principal balance of the loan and need not be required beyond the term of the loan.

F. Appeals Procedure

Should the Executive Director disapprove any application, the applicant may appeal the decision by filing a written notice with the Board of Directors within ten (10) working days following the mailing of notice of disapproval. The applicant shall be entitled to be present at a meeting of the Board of Directors and shall have the right to present oral or written communication with regard to the reconsideration. The decision of the Board of Directors shall be considered final.

G. Relocation Assistance Policy

In the implementation of housing development activities under this policy, CRHC will comply with and follow CRHC's Tenant Assistance, Relocation, and Real Property Acquisition Policy including as well as the applicable provisions of the Uniform Relocation Act of 1970 (URA), 24 CFR 1000.14, 24 CFR 1003.602, and any other applicable laws and regulations. as required to minimize displacement of applicants and provide reimbursement for temporary relocation of displaced persons receiving assistance under this program.

H. Lead Based Paint Poisoning Prevention

Lead-based paint requirements apply to housing activities assisted under this program as required under NAHASDA and regulations at 24 CFR § 1000.40 CRHC agrees to hire only certified inspectors, contractors and risk assessors to work with and assess lead-based paint/hazards. Any work that must be completed to address lead-based paint hazards will be considered a "code deficiency" and will be given priority over non-code items. All homes built prior to 1978 will be subject to a lead paint inspection and further lead paint testing, if determined to be necessary. Lead hazards that are identified must be corrected and the contractor completing the corrections must employ workers that are trained in safe work practices, relating to lead. The applicable requirements for NAHASDA are HUD's regulations at part 35, subparts A, B, H, J, K, M and R of this title, which implement the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act (42 U.S.C. 4822-4846) and the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 4851-4856).

I. Debarred or Suspended Contractors

The prohibitions in 24 CFR part 24 on the use of debarred, suspended, or ineligible contractors apply to assistance provided under this policy.

J. Labor Provisions

1. Statutory and Regulatory Requirements

NAHASDA requires CRHC, as the recipient of Indian Housing Block Grant funding and any contractors or subcontractors hired by CRHC to abide by certain labor standards requirements, found in 24 CFR § 1000.16. If CRHC as the IHBG recipient acts as prime or general

1 contractor, it is responsible for the full compliance of all employers 2 (contractor, subcontractors, and any lower-tier relationships) with the 3 labor standards provisions applicable to the project. 4 2. Tribally Designated Wage Rates 5 6 Contracts and agreements for assistance, sale, or lease under 7 NAHASDA must require that prevailing wage rates be paid to laborers 8 and mechanics employed in the development of affordable housing. An 9 exception to this general rule is if prime contracts are less than 10 \$2,000. Prevailing wage rates are determined by the Mechoopda Indian 11 Tribe's Tribally Designated Wage Rates (TDWR) schedule, as amended 12 and updated from time to time. When NAHASDA assistance is used to 13 assist homebuyers to rehab owner-occupied housing, TDWR wage rates 14 apply to the construction of the housing... 15 16 3. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. 17 18 Contractors shall remain in compliance with sections 103 and 107 of 19 the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 327-330) 20 as supplemented by Department of Labor regulation (29 CFR, Part 5). 21 Under section 103 of the Act, each contractor shall be required to 22 compute the wages or every mechanic and laborer on the basis of a 23 standard workday of 8 hours and a standard workweek of 40 hours. 24 Work in excess of the standard workday or workweek is permissible 25 provided that the worker is compensated at a rate of not less than 1 26 1/2 times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 8 27 hours in any calendar day or 40 hours in the workweek. Section 107 of 28 the Act if applicable to construction work provides that no laborer or 29 mechanic shall be required to work in surroundings or under working 30 conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to his health 31 and safety as determined under construction safety and health 32 standards promulgated by the Secretary of Labor. These requirements 33 do not apply to the purchases of supplies or materials or articles 34 ordinarily available on the open market, or contracts for 35 transportation or transmission of intelligence. 36 4. Volunteers. 37 38 The requirements in 24 CFR part 70 concerning exemptions for the use 39 of volunteers on projects subject to Davis-Bacon and HUD-determined 40 wage rates are applicable. 41 5. Other laws and issuances. 42 43 CRHC as recipient of IHBG funds, contractors, subcontractors, and 44 other participants must comply with regulations issued under the labor 45 standards provisions of 24 CFR § 1000.16, other applicable Federal 46 laws and regulations pertaining to labor standards, and HUD Handbook 47 1344.1 (Federal Labor Standards Compliance in Housing and 48 Community Development Programs). 49

		owner occupied from Remainment on the
1	ŀ	C. <u>Non-Discrimination</u>
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		In carrying out assistance under this policy, CRHC will comply with the provisions of 24 CFR § 1000.12
5 6 7	L.	<u>Indian Preference Provisions</u>
10 11 12 13 14 15		In carrying out assistance under this policy, CRHC will comply with the provisions of 24 CFR § 1000.48 1000.50 and 1000.53.
	M.	A. <u>Conflict Of Interest</u>
		In carrying out assistance under this policy, CRHC will comply with the provisions of 24 CFR § 1000.30; 1000.32; 1000.34; and 1000.36; 24 CFR Part 85
16 17 18	1	N. <u>Severability/Interpretation</u>
19 20 21 22 23 24		If in the implementation of this policy, it is determined any part of this policy is deemed to be in conflict with applicable requirements of NAHASDA and the implementing regulations, CRHC will comply with NAHASDA or other applicable federal regulations. For interpretation of this policy, all definitions will conform to the applicable definitions of Section 4 of NAHASDA (25 USC 4103).2